



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
2000 NAVY PENTAGON
WASHINGTON, DC 20350-2000

IN REPLY REFER TO

OPNAVINST 8026.2A
N411C
15 June 2000

OPNAV INSTRUCTION 8026.2A

From: Chief of Naval Operations

Subj: NAVY MUNITIONS DISPOSITION POLICY

Ref: (a) DoD 5160.65 of Nov 81, Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition
(b) DON Policy to Implement the EPA's Military Munitions Rule of 1 Jul 98, CNO Memo Ser N457F/452-98 of 27 Jul 98 (NOTAL)
(c) DoD 4160.21-M-1, 21 Oct 91, Defense Demilitarization Manual
(d) DoD 4160.21-M, Aug 97, Defense Reutilization and Marketing Manual
(e) OPNAVINST 5090.1B of 1 Nov 94, Environmental and Natural Resources Program Manual
(f) NAVSUP P-724, Conventional Ordnance Stockpile Management
(g) TW024-AA-ORD-010, 1 Oct 97, Ammunition Unserviceable, Suspended and Limited Use

1. Purpose. To define policy, authority and responsibility for management of the Navy disposition process for excess, obsolete, unserviceable, and waste military munitions generated or received at Navy activities. The disposition process includes demilitarization, recycling, declassification and disposal. This instruction is a substantial revision and should be reviewed in its entirety.

2. Cancellation. OPNAVINST 8026.2.

3. Background

a. The Department of Defense (DoD) assigns the disposition of all excess and surplus materials to the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) except for ships, ammunition, explosives and other dangerous articles, which are assigned to the Military Services.

b. Per reference (a), the Secretary of the Army is designated as the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SMCA). SMCA is assigned responsibility for demilitarization, recycling, declassification and disposal of all munitions (SMCA and non-SMCA managed) except large strategic missile rocket motors. Director, Strategic Systems Programs (DIRSSP) is responsible for Navy large strategic missile rocket motor demilitarization, reclamation, declassification and disposal. Close coordination between the Navy and SMCA is essential to assure optimal use of existing capabilities, eliminate unwarranted overlap or duplication, and maintain maximum efficiency.

c. Navy has established Special Defense Property Disposal Accounts (SDPDAs) to track munitions items authorized for recycling, declassification, demilitarization, and disposal.

d. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), in the Military Munitions Rule of 40 CFR Part 266, specifies requirements for the management of waste military munitions. Navy has delineated these requirements in reference (b).

4. Scope. This instruction applies to all Navy activities and to Marine Corps (MARCORPS) activities that handle Navy munitions.

5. Definitions.

a. Designated Disposition Authority (DDA): The only personnel in DoD authorized to declare unused military munitions as waste military munitions except in the case of an explosives or munitions emergency, abandoned munitions, or a declaration by the Authorized Military Official (AMO). Each Service has at least one DDA and may elect to have more (e.g., a DDA for a particular program or command). SMCA is the single DDA at the DoD level. DDAs are responsible for evaluating munitions that are excess to current requirements or otherwise no longer part of the active inventory for safety, other uses, resource recovery and recycling (R3) possibilities, and treatment.

b. Munitions: Ammunition, explosives and other dangerous articles (AEDA) as defined in reference (c), classified and unclassified ammunition items or materials, including AEDA, and ammunition items or components that are designated hazardous waste in accordance with reference (b). Not included in the definition of munitions are nuclear weapons and associated items, and chemical agents as described in Title 50 U.S. Code.

6. Assignment. Commander, Naval Supply Systems Command (COMNAVSUPSYSCOM) is assigned authority for the worldwide management of demilitarization, recycling, declassification and disposal of excess, obsolete, unserviceable, and waste military and foreign munitions generated at Navy activities with the exception of large strategic rocket motors. COMNAVSUPSYSCOM designated the Naval Ammunition Logistics Center (NAVAMMOLOGCEN) to perform these functions. DIRSSP is assigned authority for final disposition of all ordnance items under their cognizance including large strategic rocket motors.

7. Policy. Management of excess, obsolete, unserviceable, and waste military munitions must ensure asset visibility and enhance fleet readiness. Effective management performance includes timely identification, efficient and approved environmentally safe disposal, and accurate accountability.

8. Responsibility

a. Chief of Naval Operations

(1) (CNO N41) Provide overall policy and resources to COMNAVSUPSYSCOM for the Navy Munitions Demilitarization Program.

(2) (CNO N45) Ensure that all proposed changes to environmental or hazardous waste criteria, controls or processes, which could impact the Navy's Munitions Demilitarization Program, are coordinated with the Navy Munitions Demilitarization Program Manager, the Navy Large Strategic Missile Rocket Motor Program Manager, and the Navy DDAs.

b. COMNAVSUPSYSCOM responsibilities include:

(1) Developing, issuing and implementing policies and procedures for worldwide management and operations of the Navy munitions demilitarization, recycling, declassification and disposal program.

(2) Developing and submitting Navy worldwide Demilitarization Program Program Objective Memorandum (POM) and budget to manage and process excess, obsolete, unserviceable and waste

military munitions at Navy activities. With the exception of those programs associated with large strategic rocket motors, NAVAMMOLOGCEN will manage program funds for field activities and technical organizations in support of program requirements, and evaluate and minimize program expenses.

(3) Reviewing demilitarization and disposal plans developed as part of the integrated logistics support plans for new, converted or modified Navy munitions. Development and approval of demilitarization plans will be accomplished prior to Operational Test and Evaluation (OT&E) of all new, converted or modified munitions items.

(4) Maintaining close liaison with SMCA regarding demilitarization and disposal issues.

(5) Establishing SDPDAs at selected Navy activities consistent with references (c) and (d), and identifying satellite generating activities for accountability, control and management of Navy excess, obsolete, unserviceable, and waste military munitions generated or received at Navy activities worldwide. SDPDAs may manage other Service excess, obsolete, unserviceable and waste military munitions generated or received at Navy activities at the request of the responsible Service Designated Disposition Authority (DDA).

(6) Maintaining a centralized inventory management system for Navy munitions demilitarization, recycling, declassification and disposal actions. This system shall provide complete asset visibility with a transaction audit trail to ensure proper accountability, management and control.

(7) Identification and confirmation of excess Navy ammunition items via the annual ordnance stratification with program managers and their acquisition agents. Support program managers/acquisition agents in the development of a 5-year forecast of ammunition demilitarization/disposal requirements based on anticipated obsolescence and projected delivery of replacement ordnance. Consolidation of Program Manager 5- year forecasts and provision to the SMCA.

(8) Screening items for which the Navy no longer has use through other services and Foreign Military Sales (FMS) program customers for potential use, recycling or reclamation, prior to requesting disposition from SMCA. Providing disposition instructions to munitions custodians.

(9) Assuring demilitarization, recycling, declassification and disposal of munitions and related hazardous wastes are accomplished in accordance with applicable Federal (to include host nation), State, DoD, and Service explosives safety and environmental regulations, policies and directives and maximize efficiency and resource conservation. These processes will emphasize reduction of waste, recovery of usable parts, components and precious metals as well as maximum reuse and recycling where possible. Program operating procedures will provide specific guidance and instructions to effectively promote this policy.

(10) Developing training programs for Navy Munitions Demilitarization Program personnel.

(11) As the Navy coordinator for changes to references (c) and (d), and MILSTRIP/MILSTRAP regulations, ensure that all proposed changes, which may affect excess munitions inventory management or processing, are coordinated with the Navy Munitions Demilitarization Program Manager, the Navy Large Strategic Missile Rocket Motor Program Manager, and the Navy DDAs.

(12) As the lead Navy DDA, define procedures for all Navy DDAs to ensure consistency in management.

(13) Provide Transportation Account Codes (TAC) for the transportation of Navy and MARCORPS Class V(A) assets from MARCORPS activities to designated demilitarization sites in accordance with reference (f).

c. Program Managers are responsible for development of new, converted or modified munitions items containing energetic or other hazardous materials. They will ensure that demilitarization and disposal considerations as well as waste characterization in accordance with 40 CFR 261 of residual components, and design for recycling are incorporated as an integral part of the acquisition logistics planning, programming and budgetary decision-making processes for all new, converted or modified munitions items. Additionally, Navy program managers shall:

(1) Review all munitions items for which they have technical responsibility. Ensure that munitions items are properly catalogued for all demilitarization and declassification requirements. Ensure, through NAVAMMOLOGCEN, that Defense Logistics Services Center records are kept updated.

(2) Screen munitions items under their cognizance that are identified as potential excess munitions by the inventory managers. Intra-Navy screening of end items, subassemblies, parts and components will be accomplished prior to declaring items excess to requirements. Program managers will identify all requirements, including recycling of parts or components, to the inventory manager or provide written certification that no requirement exists.

(3) Annually, provide a 5-year forecast of anticipated Demil requirements along with associated Service Wide Transportation (SWT) Demil tonnage projections to NAVAMMOLOGCEN.

d. Designated Disposition Authorities (DDAs) are required by reference (b). NAVAMMOLOGCEN is the lead DDA for Navy owned assets and for MARCORPS Class V(A) assets. The NAVAMMOLOGCEN DDA is the approval authority for local treatment of Navy owned and MARCORPS Class V(A) assets. Other Navy DDAs are as follows:

<u>Commodity</u>	<u>DDA Responsible Office</u>
TOMAHAWK Missile System	Program Executive Officer Cruise Missiles and Joint Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (PEO (CMPANDUAV))
CAD/PAD	Program Executive Officer Tactical Aircraft (PEO (TACAIR))
Strategic Missiles	Strategic Systems Program (SSP)

DDAs shall:

(1) Ensure adequate coordination, application and interpretation of defining criteria when munitions are classified as a waste military munition through the evaluation process contained in reference (b).

(2) Provide munitions disposition instructions for excess, obsolete, unserviceable, and waste military munitions. Munitions disposition instructions will be coordinated

with appropriate entities based on the disposition involved (e.g. excess, obsolete, unserviceable, or waste).

(3) Direct appropriate action (to include but not be limited to transportation, treatment, authorization to train, etc.) based on the type of instructions required.

Commander, Marine Corps Systems Command (COMMARCORSYSCOM PMAM) is the DDA for MARCORPS owned OT cognizance (COG) ground munitions. The MARCORPS DDA shall comply with additional guidance provided by MARCORPS.

e. Fleet Commanders in Chief will:

(1) Ensure that all units generating potentially excess, obsolete, unserviceable, and waste military munitions obtain required coordinated disposition instructions from the appropriate DDA. Requests for disposition shall follow the process described in reference (f). Ocean dumping is prohibited unless permitted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or under emergency circumstances which threaten the health or safety of the crew or ship. In accordance with reference (e), ocean dumping may only be authorized on a case-by-case basis by CNO (N45).

(2) Ensure that all munitions stored at Navy activities are managed in accordance with references (b) and (g).

f. Commander, Marine Corps Systems Command will provide disposition instructions for OT COG assets located at Navy installations and will provide transportation funding for those assets as required. This transfer must be consistent with procedures established by the NAVAMMOLOGCEN. Navy unserviceable, obsolete, excess, and waste munitions generated at MARCORPS activities must be referred to NAVAMMOLOGCEN for disposition instructions.

g. Director, SSP will manage and administer the demilitarization, recycling, and final disposition of ordnance items under its cognizance in accordance with applicable safety, environmental, and treaty requirements.

D. P. KELLER
By direction

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15 June 2000

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